13.303-6

- (d) If, for a particular purchase greater than the micro-purchase threshold, there is an insufficient number of BPAs to ensure maximum practicable competition, the contracting officer shall—
- (1) Solicit quotations from other sources (see 13.105) and make the purchase as appropriate; and

(2) Establish additional BPAs to facilitate future purchases if—

- (i) Recurring requirements for the same or similar supplies or services seem likely;
- (ii) Qualified sources are willing to accept BPAs; and
- (iii) It is otherwise practical to do so.(e) Limit documentation of purchases to essential information and forms as follows:
- (1) Purchases generally should be made electronically, or orally when it is not considered economical or practical to use electronic methods.
- (2) A paper purchase document may be issued if necessary to ensure that the supplier and the purchaser agree concerning the transaction.
- (3) Unless a paper document is issued, record essential elements (e.g., date, supplier, supplies or services, price, delivery date) on the purchase requisition, in an informal memorandum, or on a form developed locally for the purpose.

(4) Cite the pertinent purchase requisitions and the accounting and appropriation data.

(5) When delivery is made or the services are performed, the supplier's sales document, delivery document, or invoice may (if it reflects the essential elements) be used for the purpose of recording receipt and acceptance of the supplies or services. However, if the purchase is assigned to another activity for administration, the authorized Government representative shall document receipt and acceptance of supplies or services by signing and dating the agency specified form after verification and after notation of any exceptions.

[62 FR 64917, Dec. 9, 1997, as amended at 69 FR 8314, Feb. 23, 2004; 69 FR 76352, Dec. 20, 2004; 71 FR 57366, Sept. 28, 2006]

13.303-6 Review procedures.

(a) The contracting officer placing orders under a BPA, or the designated

representative of the contracting officer, shall review a sufficient random sample of the BPA files at least annually to ensure that authorized procedures are being followed.

- (b) The contracting officer that entered into the BPA shall—
- (1) Ensure that each BPA is reviewed at least annually and, if necessary, updated at that time; and
- (2) Maintain awareness of changes in market conditions, sources of supply, and other pertinent factors that may warrant making new arrangements with different suppliers or modifying existing arrangements.
- (c) If an office other than the purchasing office that established a BPA is authorized to make purchases under that BPA, the agency that has jurisdiction over the office authorized to make the purchases shall ensure that the procedures in paragraph (a) of this subsection are being followed.

13.303-7 Completion of BPAs.

An individual BPA is considered complete when the purchases under it equal its total dollar limitation, if any, or when its stated time period expires.

13.303-8 Optional clause.

The clause at 52.213–4, Terms and Conditions—Simplified Acquisitions (Other Than Commercial Items), may be used in BPAs established under this section.

13.304 [Reserved]

13.305 Imprest funds and third party drafts.

13.305-1 General.

Imprest funds and third party drafts may be used to acquire and to pay for supplies or services. Policies and regulations concerning the establishment of and accounting for imprest funds and third party drafts, including the responsibilities of designated cashiers and alternates, are contained in Part IV of the Treasury Financial Manual for Guidance of Departments and Agencies, Title 7 of the GAO Policy and Procedures Manual for Guidance of Federal Agencies, and the agency implementing regulations. Agencies also

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shall be guided by the Manual of Procedures and Instructions for Cashiers, issued by the Financial Management Service, Department of the Treasury.

[62 FR 64917, Dec. 9, 1997, as amended at 71 FR 57380, Sept. 28, 2006]

13.305-2 Agency responsibilities.

Each agency using imprest funds and third party drafts shall—

- (a) Periodically review and determine whether there is a continuing need for each fund or third party draft account established, and that amounts of those funds or accounts are not in excess of actual needs;
- (b) Take prompt action to have imprest funds or third party draft accounts adjusted to a level commensurate with demonstrated needs whenever circumstances warrant such action; and
- (c) Develop and issue appropriate implementing regulations. These regulations shall include (but are not limited to) procedures covering—
- (1) Designation of personnel authorized to make purchases using imprest funds or third party drafts; and
- (2) Documentation of purchases using imprest funds or third party drafts, including documentation of—
- (i) Receipt and acceptance of supplies and services by the Government;
- (ii) Receipt of cash or third party draft payments by the suppliers; and
- (iii) Cash advances and reimbursements.

13.305-3 Conditions for use.

Imprest funds or third party drafts may be used for purchases when—

- (a) The imprest fund transaction does not exceed \$500 or such other limits as have been approved by the agency head:
- (b) The third party draft transaction does not exceed \$2,500, unless authorized at a higher level in accordance with Treasury restrictions;

(c) The use of imprest funds or third party drafts is considered to be advantageous to the Government; and

(d) The use of imprest funds or third party drafts for the transaction otherwise complies with any additional conditions established by agencies and with the policies and regulations referenced in 13.305-1.

13.305-4 Procedures.

- (a) Each purchase using imprest funds or third party drafts shall be based upon an authorized purchase requisition, contracting officer verification statement, or other agency approved method of ensuring that adequate funds are available for the purchase.
- (b) Normally, purchases should be placed orally and without soliciting competition if prices are considered reasonable.
- (c) Since there is, for all practical purposes, simultaneous placement of the order and delivery of the items, clauses are not required for purchases using imprest funds or third party drafts.
- (d) Forms prescribed at 13.307(e) may be used if a written order is considered necessary (e.g., if required by the supplier for discount, tax exemption, or other reasons). If a purchase order is used, endorse it "Payment to be made from Imprest Fund" (or "Payment to be made from Third Party Draft," as appropriate).
- (e) The individual authorized to make purchases using imprest funds or third party drafts shall—
- (1) Furnish to the imprest fund or third party draft cashier a copy of the document required under paragraph (a) of this subsection annotated to reflect—
- (i) That an imprest fund or third party draft purchase has been made;
- (ii) The unit prices and extensions; and
- (iii) The supplier's name and address; and
- (2) Require the supplier to include with delivery of the supplies an invoice, packing slip, or other sales instrument giving—
 - (i) The supplier's name and address;
- (ii) List and quantity of items supplied;
- (iii) Unit prices and extensions; and
- (iv) Cash discount, if any.

13.306 SF 44, Purchase Order—Invoice—Voucher.

The SF 44, Purchase Order—Invoice—Voucher, is a multipurpose pocket-size purchase order form designed primarily for on-the-spot, over-the-counter purchases of supplies and nonpersonal